

Electrical Engineering Pe Exam Sample Questions

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Mastering the Electrical Engineering PE Exam with Sample Questions

The Principles and Practice of Engineering (PE) exam in Electrical Engineering is a pivotal milestone for any aspiring licensed professional engineer. Passing this comprehensive test not only validates your technical knowledge but also opens the door to higher responsibility, career advancement, and the legal authority to stamp and seal engineering documents. However, the path to success is paved with rigorous preparation. One of the most effective strategies is working through **Electrical Engineering PE Exam sample questions**. These practice problems simulate the actual exam environment, help identify knowledge gaps, and build the mental stamina required for the eight-hour test. In this article, we will explore why sample questions are indispensable, provide several detailed examples with

solutions, and offer targeted study strategies to help you pass with confidence.

Understanding the Structure of the PE Electrical Exam

Before diving into sample questions, it is essential to understand the exam's format. The PE Electrical Engineering exam is offered in three disciplines: Power, Electronics, Controls, and Communications, and Computer Engineering. Most candidates choose the Power track, but the strategies for sample questions apply across all versions. The exam consists of 80 questions split into a morning (breadth) section and an afternoon (depth) section. You have four hours for each section. The breadth portion tests general electrical engineering principles, while the depth portion focuses on your chosen specialization.

Using **Electrical Engineering PE Exam sample questions** that mirror both the breadth and depth sections is critical. They help you become familiar with the types of calculations, code references (like the NEC), and conceptual understanding that the exam expects. Below, we provide representative sample questions covering key topics.

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Why Practice with Sample Questions? - - - - -

Many candidates mistakenly believe that reviewing lecture notes or reading textbooks is sufficient. However, the PE exam tests applied knowledge under time pressure. Here's why sample questions are indispensable:

- **Identify Weak Areas:** When you attempt a sample problem on three-phase power calculations and get it wrong, you immediately know to revisit that topic.
- **Improve Time Management:** Each question should take about six minutes. Practicing with a timer trains you to allocate time efficiently.
- **Understand Question Formats:** The PE exam uses multiple-choice questions with four answer options, often including distractors that test common errors.
- **Boost Confidence:** Correctly solving a difficult sample question reinforces your ability to perform on test day.

Sample Question 1: Power Factor Correction (Power Discipline – Breadth)

Question

A three-phase, 480 V, 60 Hz industrial load draws 150 kVA at a power factor of 0.75 lagging. Determine the reactive power rating (in kVAR) of a capacitor bank required to improve the power factor to 0.95 lagging.

Solution Approach

1. Calculate the original reactive power:
 $\mathbf{Q_{old} = S \times \sin(\theta)}$ where $\cos(\theta) = 0.75$, so $\theta = \arccos(0.75) = 41.41^\circ$.
 $\sin(41.41^\circ) = 0.661$.
 $Q_{old} = 150 \text{ kVA} \times 0.661 = 99.15 \text{ kVAR (lagging)}$.
2. Calculate the real power: $P = S \times \cos(\theta) = 150 \times 0.75 = 112.5 \text{ kW}$.
3. For the desired power factor 0.95 lagging: $\cos(\theta_{new}) = 0.95$, so $\theta_{new} = \arccos(0.95) = 18.19^\circ$. $\sin(18.19^\circ) = 0.312$.
 $Q_{new} = P \times \tan(\theta_{new}) = 112.5 \times \tan(18.19^\circ) = 112.5 \times 0.328 = 36.94$

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kVAR (lagging).

4. Required capacitor reactive power: $Q_{\text{cap}} = Q_{\text{old}} - Q_{\text{new}} = 99.15 - 36.94 =$
62.21 kVAR.

This type of **Electrical Engineering PE Exam sample question** tests your understanding of power triangle relationships – a fundamental concept in the power depth area.

Sample Question 2: Operational Amplifier Circuit (Electronics – Depth)

Question

An inverting operational amplifier has an input resistor $R_1 = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$, feedback resistor $R_f = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$, and the op-amp is powered by $\pm 15 \text{ V}$ supplies. If the input voltage $V_{\text{in}} = 0.5 \text{ V DC}$, what is the output voltage V_o ? Assume the op-amp is ideal.

Solution

For an ideal inverting amplifier: **$V_o = - (R_f / R_1) \times V_{in}$** .

Thus, $V_o = - (20 \text{ k}\Omega / 2 \text{ k}\Omega) \times 0.5 \text{ V} = -10 \times 0.5 = -5 \text{ V}$.

Since the output is within the supply rails ($\pm 15 \text{ V}$), saturation does not occur. The correct answer is **-5 V**. Such sample questions reinforce the importance of basic op-amp configurations, which appear frequently in the Electronics depth section.

Sample Question 3: NEC Code Application (Power Discipline – Depth)

Question

A 75 kVA, three-phase, 480 V transformer supplies a continuous industrial load. According to the National Electrical Code (NEC), what is the minimum ampacity of the primary feeder conductors? Assume the transformer is rated for continuous operation and use the appropriate NEC tables.

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Solution Outline

- Calculate the primary current: $I = (kVA \times 1000) / (\sqrt{3} \times V) = (75,000) / (1.732 \times 480) \approx 90.2 \text{ A}$.
- Per NEC, for continuous loads, conductors must be sized at 125% of the continuous load. So ampacity requirement = $90.2 \times 1.25 = 112.75 \text{ A}$.
- Using NEC Table 310.15(B)(16), a THHN copper conductor with 75°C termination rating: #3 AWG (100 A) is too small; #2 AWG (115 A) meets 112.75 A.
- Answer: **#2 AWG copper**.

This sample question highlights the importance of combining electrical calculations with code requirements – a common theme in the Power depth section.

Sample Question 4: Control Systems (Controls & Communications – Breadth)

Question

Consider a unity feedback control system with forward transfer function $G(s) = K / [s(s+4)]$. Determine the value of K such that the steady-state error for a unit ramp input is 0.05.

Solution

1. For a type 1 system (one integrator in $G(s)$), the velocity error constant $K_v = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s G(s) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \times (K / [s(s+4)]) = K/4$.
2. Steady-state error for unit ramp $= 1/K_v = 1 / (K/4) = 4/K$.
3. Set $4/K = 0.05 \rightarrow K = 4 / 0.05 = 80$.
4. Answer: **$K = 80$** .

Control systems questions test your grasp of error constants and system classification – essential knowledge for the Controls and Communications depth.

Effective Study Strategies Using Sample Questions

Simply reading through sample questions is not enough. Here are actionable

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strategies to maximize your preparation:

1. Simulate Exam Conditions

Set a timer for six minutes per question. Work in a quiet room with only the NCEES-approved reference materials (e.g., the FE Reference Handbook if allowed, and your own compilation of formulas). This builds the mental discipline needed for the actual exam.

2. Review Mistakes Thoroughly

After completing a set of **Electrical Engineering PE Exam sample questions**, analyze every error. Was it a calculation slip? Misreading the question? Not recalling a formula? Create a “mistake log” to avoid repeating the same errors.

3. Focus on Breadth Before Depth

In the early weeks of study, work on breadth questions covering all topics: circuits, machines, signals, power, electronics, and controls. Only later should you dive deep into your chosen discipline’s sample questions.

4. Use a Variety of Sources

Do not rely on a single book. Use the NCEES official practice exam, review manuals (e.g., PPI's Electrical PE Review), and online question banks. Different authors phrase questions differently, which improves your ability to interpret varied problem statements.

5. Practice Code Lookups

For Power candidates, many sample questions require the NEC. Practice flipping through the NEC index and key tables (e.g., ampacity, conduit fill) quickly. Speed in code navigation is a learned skill.

Recommended Resources for More Sample Questions

- **NCEES Official Practice Exam:** The closest thing to the real test. Absolutely essential.
- **PPI Electrical Engineering Reference Manual:** Contains hundreds of practice problems with detailed solutions.
- **PESG (Professional Engineering Services Group):** Offers timed online

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quizzes with sample questions tailored to each depth discipline.

- **Study Groups:** Working through sample questions with peers helps uncover alternative solution methods and clarifies confusing concepts.

Common Pitfalls When Practicing Sample Questions

- **Over-relying on Memory:** Once you solve a sample question, do not memorize the answer; understand the method. The exam may ask the same concept with different numbers or context.
- **Skipping Units:** The PE exam is unforgiving about unit mismatches (e.g., kVA vs VA, feet vs meters). Always write units in every step.
- **Neglecting Use of Reference Material:** If you practice without your approved references, you may struggle to locate formulas on exam day. Practice with the exact materials you plan to bring.
- **Focusing Only on Difficult Questions:** The exam includes many straightforward questions. Don't neglect easy sample questions – they test your speed and accuracy.

Conclusion

Success on the Electrical Engineering PE exam is not a matter of luck; it is the result of deliberate, structured practice. **Electrical Engineering PE Exam sample questions** serve as the cornerstone of that preparation, bridging the gap between theoretical knowledge and practical application. By working through problems like those above, timing yourself, reviewing mistakes, and familiarizing yourself with code references, you build the competence and confidence needed to earn your license. Start your practice today, stay consistent, and remember: every sample question you master brings you one step closer to the letters P.E. after your name.