

The Day They Shook The Plum Tree

The Unseen Harvest: Exploring The Day They Shook The Plum Tree

Few phrases in the English language conjure such vivid imagery of sudden, dramatic wealth as "The Day They Shook The Plum Tree." It evokes the moment when fortune, like ripe fruit, cascades down upon the undeserving or the unprepared. However, the true power of this metaphor—and the reason it has become a cornerstone of American business lore—lies not in the falling fruit, but in the tree itself, and the complex, often tragic, human story of those who planted it, tended it, and ultimately, were crushed by its harvest. This article explores the profound narrative behind the famous title, examining the rise and fall of the Woolworth family dynasty, and the timeless lessons it offers about wealth, legacy, and the unpredictable nature of fortune.

Originally, **The Day They Shook The Plum Tree** is the title of a non-fiction book by Arthur H. Lewis, first published in 1963. It is a meticulously researched and remarkably candid biography of the Woolworth family, centered on the life and legacy of Frank Winfield Woolworth, the founder of the F.W. Woolworth Company. Lewis did not simply chronicle a business success story; he peeled back the gilded veneer of one of America's wealthiest families to reveal a world of immense personal tragedy, ruthless ambition, emotional neglect, and the corrosive effect of unimaginable wealth on the human spirit. The book struck a chord with the public because it was not just a history of a five-and-dime store; it was a universal cautionary tale.

The genius of Lewis's title lies in its layered meaning. On the surface, "shaking the plum tree" refers to the act of cashing in on a vast fortune. For Frank Woolworth's daughters and heirs, that day came with the patriarch's death, when they inherited an empire built on pennies and nickels. But the phrase also encapsulates a deeper, more cynical reality. The book reveals a family in a perpetual state of shaking the tree, frantically trying to extract love, approval, and meaning from a pile of money that could never provide them. The "plums" that fell—the mansions, the yachts, the extravagant parties—often bruised those who caught them. To truly understand this story, one must first understand the man who planted the seed.

The Architect of the Empire: Frank Winfield Woolworth

Frank Winfield Woolworth was not born into wealth. He was a farm boy from upstate New York, a gangly, ambitious, and deeply insecure man who failed as a store clerk

before revolutionizing the retail world. His great idea was not complex: it was the five-and-dime store. By selling goods at a fixed, low price, he unlocked the purchasing power of the working class. His first successful store, opened in 1879 in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, was an immediate hit. The premise was simple: remove the barrier of negotiation, offer a wide variety of goods, and let the volume of sales do the work. It was a commercial earthquake that reshaped the American landscape.

Woolworth was a driven, obsessive man. He worked relentlessly, driven by a deep-seated fear of poverty and a desperate need for respectability. He built a gargantuan neo-Gothic skyscraper, the Woolworth Building, in New York City. When it opened in 1913, it was the tallest building in the world, a literal monument to his success. He called it his "cathedral of commerce." Yet, for all his towering achievements, Woolworth was emotionally distant from his family. He provided them with every material comfort imaginable but failed to provide the one thing his daughters craved most: genuine affection and presence. This emotional void would prove to be the most significant legacy he left them.

The immense fortune Woolworth accumulated was staggering. At his death in 1919, his estate was valued at over \$65 million—a sum equivalent to well over a billion dollars today. This enormous wealth, however, was a burden as much as a blessing. It isolated his family, creating a hothouse environment where money was the primary currency of love and control. The stage was set for **The Day They Shook The Plum Tree**.

The Heiresses: Wealth Without Purpose

The central tragedy of the Woolworth story, as masterfully told by Lewis, revolves around Frank's three daughters: Helena, Jessie, and Edna. They were heiresses to an unimaginable fortune, yet each led a life marked by profound unhappiness.

- **Helena Woolworth McCann:** The eldest, she was arguably the most conventional. She lived a life of high society, philanthropy, and managing the immense burden of the estate. She was constantly battling the legal and financial complexities of the fortune.
- **Jessie Woolworth Donahue:** Her life was a desperate search for purpose. She was known for her charitable work, but she also battled depression and a sense of emptiness that no amount of money could fill.
- **Edna Woolworth:** Her story is the most heartbreaking. She was the most sensitive and fragile of the three. Plagued by poor health and emotional instability, she ultimately took her own life in 1917, two years before her father. Her death was the first major crack in the shiny facade of the Woolworth dynasty.

The daughters were not trained to manage their inheritance. They were raised to be ornaments of wealth, not stewards of it. When the "plum tree" was shaken, they were buried under a cascade of plums they did not know how to handle. Their lives became a series of legal battles, marital scandals, and public spectacles that fascinated a public eager for a glimpse behind the curtain of privilege. The book details these episodes with a novelist's eye, turning financial reportage into gripping human drama.

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The Cost of the Harvest: Scandals and Lawsuits

The Day They Shook The Plum Tree does not shy away from the uglier side of the family saga. The wealth did not buy happiness; it seemed to amplify every existing flaw. The book became famous for its unflattering portraits of the extended family, including the charismatic but manipulative James Paul Donahue (Jessie's husband), a playboy who consistently spent his wife's fortune on mistresses and high living. This led to a sensational and very public divorce trial in Paris, which was a tabloid sensation in the 1920s. The trial laid bare the dysfunctional dynamics of the family for the entire world to see.

Other scandals included the infamous "custody battle for the Woolworth millions," where the guardianship of Jimmy Donahue (the son of Jessie) became a public spectacle. He would later become a notorious socialite and was rumored to have a scandalous relationship with the Duchess of Windsor, further dragging the Woolworth name through the mud. The book reveals how the family employed battalions of lawyers, private detectives, and financial advisors, not to build anything new, but simply to protect what was already there and to fight among themselves. The energy that Frank Woolworth had poured into creation, his heirs poured into litigation and personal drama.

Beyond the Money: The True Core of the Story

While the financial figures and legal cases are impressive, the lasting power of **The Day They Shook The Plum Tree** lies in its psychological and sociological insights. The book is a masterclass in the psychology of inherited wealth. It explores a fundamental human question: What happens to people when their every material need is met, but their emotional and spiritual needs are starved?

The answer, according to Lewis, is rarely pretty. The Woolworth heiresses suffered from a profound sense of purposelessness. Without the need to work or strive, they found themselves adrift. They engaged in feverish rounds of shopping, travel, and social climbing, but none of it filled the void. Their lives are a stark counterpoint to the American Dream. They had everything money could buy, and nothing that mattered. The "plum tree" had been shaken, but the fruit was bitter. The book is a powerful antidote to the fantasy that wealth is a panacea. It shows, in vivid detail, that money often magnifies pre-existing problems rather than solving them.

Legacy and Relevance in the Modern Era

Why does a book from 1963, about a business dynasty from the early 20th century, continue to resonate? The answer is that its central themes are timeless. The story of the Woolworth family has all the elements of a classic Greek tragedy: a flawed hero (Frank), a fatal flaw (emotional neglect), and a catastrophic downfall (the tragic lives of his heirs). It is a story that has been repeated countless times in different families

and industries, from the Vanderbilts to the Gettys.

- **A Caution for Wealth Creators:** Modern entrepreneurs can learn a vital lesson from Frank Woolworth. Building a successful business is not enough. Passing on the values of hard work, resilience, and purpose is just as important as passing on the assets themselves.
- **A Mirror for Society:** The book reflects our own society's complex relationship with wealth. We are simultaneously fascinated by the rich and judgmental of their perceived excesses. The book allows us to indulge in that fascination while also offering a sobering moral judgment.
- **Understanding the Trust Fund:** The concept of a "trust fund" and its potential negative consequences (the "affluenza" effect) is a modern conversation. Lewis was documenting this phenomenon decades before it had a name. The book is an early, powerful case study in the sociology of inherited wealth.

Conclusion: The Unshakable Lesson

In the end, **The Day They Shook The Plum Tree** is not a business manual or a financial history. It is a human story, told with remarkable empathy and unflinching honesty. It reminds us that the most valuable assets in life are not deposited in banks or hidden in trust funds. They are the bonds of family, the satisfaction of meaningful work, and the strength of character. Frank Winfield Woolworth built a magnificent tree that bore millions of plums. But when the final accounting is made, the tree itself was hollow at the core. The book serves as a permanent, chilling reminder that a legacy of money, without a legacy of love and values, can become a curse. The day they shook the plum tree, they did not just harvest a fortune; they harvested a tragedy. The fruit fell, but those left to gather it found themselves starving in the midst of a feast.