

Blood Type Ab Positive Diet

Understanding the Blood Type AB Positive Diet: A Balanced Approach to Wellness

The concept of eating according to your blood type has intrigued health enthusiasts and researchers alike for decades. Among the

eight main blood types, AB positive stands out as both the rarest and perhaps the most complex when it comes to dietary recommendations. If you have AB positive blood, you occupy a unique position in the blood type diet framework, blending characteristics of both type A and type B. This article explores the nuances of the blood type AB positive diet, offering practical guidance on foods that may support your health, those you

might consider avoiding, and how this eating approach fits into a broader wellness strategy.

The blood type diet was popularized by Dr. Peter D'Adamo in his book *Eat Right 4 Your Type*. The core premise is that your blood type influences how your body digests foods, responds to stress, and processes nutrients. For AB positive individuals—sometimes called "the enigma"—the dietary recommendations are particularly intriguing because this blood type is considered a modern blending of type A and type B traits. With only about 2 to 5 percent of the global population sharing this blood type, the AB positive diet is tailored for a select group.

The Unique Biology of Blood Type AB Positive

Blood type AB positive is characterized by the presence of both A and B antigens on red blood cells, along with the Rh factor. From an evolutionary perspective, type AB is considered the newest blood type, emerging roughly 1,000 years ago. This genetic blending means that individuals with AB positive blood often have digestive systems and immune responses that reflect both type A and type B tendencies.

One of the key aspects of the blood type AB positive diet is the concept of lectins. Lectins

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are proteins found in foods that can bind to blood cell antigens. According to Dr. D'Adamo's theory, when you eat foods containing lectins that are incompatible with your blood type, those lectins may cause agglutination—or clumping—of red blood cells, potentially leading to digestive discomfort, inflammation, and other health issues. For AB positive individuals, the goal is to choose foods whose lectins are compatible with both A and B antigens.

AB positive individuals are often described as having a sensitive digestive system, similar to type A, but with some of the adaptability of type B. This means that while you may thrive on a largely plant-based diet, you can also

tolerate certain animal proteins better than type A individuals can. Understanding this balance is the foundation of the blood type AB positive diet.

Core Dietary Principles for Blood Type AB Positive

The blood type AB positive diet emphasizes a diverse and balanced approach. Because your blood type combines traits from both A and B, your ideal diet is not strictly vegetarian nor exclusively omnivorous. Instead, it falls somewhere in between, with a strong emphasis on fresh, whole foods and careful

moderation of certain food groups.

Protein Sources: Finding the Right Balance

For AB positive individuals, protein recommendations are nuanced. You can benefit from some animal proteins but should be selective about which ones you include. The diet suggests that your stomach acid levels are generally low, similar to type A, which can make digesting heavy red meats challenging. However, you have some of the metabolic flexibility of type B, allowing you to process certain meats more effectively.

Beneficial protein sources for AB positive

include:

- **Tofu and tempeh** — These are considered excellent protein sources, as they are easily digested and align with the type A aspect of your blood type.
- **Fish, especially salmon, sardines, and mackerel** — Cold-water fish provide omega-3 fatty acids and are generally well-tolerated.
- **Dairy in moderation** — Unlike type A individuals, AB positive people can often tolerate dairy products, particularly yogurt, kefir, and cultured cheeses.
- **Lamb and mutton** — These are sometimes recommended in small amounts, as they contain lectins that

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may be compatible with type AB.

- **Eggs** — Considered a neutral food, eggs can be included as part of a balanced diet.

Protein sources to limit or avoid:

- **Red meat like beef and pork** — These are often difficult for AB positive individuals to digest and may contain lectins that are incompatible with your blood type.
- **Chicken and poultry** — Surprisingly, chicken is often listed as a food to avoid for type AB, as it may contain lectins that irritate the digestive tract.
- **Processed meats** — Bacon, ham, sausages, and deli meats are generally

discouraged due to their high sodium content and potential for digestive stress.

Grains and Legumes: What Works Best

Grains and legumes form an important part of the blood type AB positive diet, but not all are created equal. Your digestive system tends to handle some grains well while struggling with others.

Grains that are typically beneficial:

- **Oats and oatmeal** — These are gentle on the digestive system and provide fiber.

- **Brown rice** — A versatile whole grain that is generally well-tolerated.
- **Millet and spelt** — These ancient grains can be good alternatives to wheat.
- **Sprouted grain bread** — Easier to digest than regular wheat bread.

Grains to approach with caution:

- **Wheat and wheat products** — Many AB positive individuals find wheat difficult to digest, similar to type A. You may benefit from limiting bread, pasta, and baked goods made from refined wheat flour.
- **Corn and corn products** — Corn is often listed as a food to avoid for type

AB, as it may interfere with digestion.

- **Buckwheat** — While healthy for many, buckwheat is sometimes discouraged for AB positive individuals due to its lectin content.

When it comes to legumes, lentils, green beans, and peas are generally recommended, while kidney beans, lima beans, and chickpeas are considered less compatible. Soy-based products like tofu and tempeh are highly encouraged.

Vegetables and Fruits: A Rainbow of Options

The blood type AB positive diet strongly

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encourages a wide variety of vegetables and fruits. Because your blood type shares the type A tendency toward a plant-rich diet, vegetables should form the foundation of your meals.

Vegetables that are particularly beneficial:

- **Leafy greens** — Spinach, kale, Swiss chard, and collard greens are excellent choices.
- **Broccoli and cauliflower** — These cruciferous vegetables support detoxification and are well-tolerated.
- **Beets and carrots** — Root vegetables provide essential nutrients and are generally compatible.

- **Cucumbers and celery** — Hydrating and easy to digest.
- **Sweet potatoes and yams** — Nutritious and gentle on the digestive system.

Vegetables to limit:

- **Avocado** — Some sources suggest that avocado may not be ideal for type AB, though opinions vary.
- **Olives** — Particularly black olives, which may contain lectins that are incompatible.
- **Corn and peppers** — These can sometimes cause digestive discomfort.
- **Mushrooms** — Certain varieties, particularly shiitake, may be

problematic for some.

For fruits, the diet recommends emphasizing alkaline-forming options. **Beneficial fruits include** berries, cherries, figs, grapefruit, grapes, kiwi, pineapple, and plums. **Fruits to limit or avoid** include bananas, coconuts, mangoes, oranges, and papayas, as they may contain lectins that are less compatible with AB blood type.

Dairy, Fats, and Oils

One of the advantages of having AB positive blood is that you can often tolerate dairy products better than type A individuals. However, moderation remains important.

Recommended dairy items include yogurt, kefir, goat cheese, mozzarella, ricotta, and sour cream. **You may want to avoid** whole milk, buttermilk, and certain aged cheeses that are high in saturated fat and may be harder to digest.

For fats and oils, **olive oil is considered excellent** for type AB individuals, as it is anti-inflammatory and supports heart health. **Other recommended oils** include flaxseed oil, walnut oil, and cod liver oil. **Oils to avoid** include corn oil, sunflower oil, safflower oil, and sesame oil, as they may promote inflammation.

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Recommendations for AB Positive

Beyond diet, the blood type AB positive approach includes lifestyle and exercise recommendations designed to support your unique physiology. Because you share traits with both type A and type B, your ideal exercise routine may be a blend of calming and moderately intense activities.

Exercise: A Balanced Routine

AB positive individuals often benefit from a mix of aerobic and calming exercises. While

type A tends to favor gentle, centering activities like yoga and tai chi, and type B leans toward moderate-intensity sports, you can thrive on a combination.

Recommended exercises for AB positive include:

- **Yoga and Pilates** — These practices help reduce stress and improve flexibility.
- **Swimming** — A full-body workout that is gentle on the joints.
- **Cycling or brisk walking** — Moderate aerobic activity that supports cardiovascular health.
- **Light weight training** — Building muscle strength without excessive

strain.

- **Tennis or dancing** — Social activities that combine movement with enjoyment.

The key is to avoid overtraining. AB positive individuals can be prone to stress and burnout, so incorporating restorative practices like meditation, deep breathing, or gentle stretching into your routine is essential.

Stress Management and Mental Well-Being

People with AB positive blood are often described as intuitive, empathetic, and creative. However, they can also be prone to

anxiety and stress-related health issues. Managing stress is therefore a critical component of the blood type AB positive approach. Practices such as mindfulness meditation, journaling, spending time in nature, and engaging in creative pursuits can help maintain emotional balance.

Additionally, getting adequate sleep is crucial. Aim for seven to nine hours of quality sleep each night, and consider establishing a calming bedtime routine to support restful sleep.

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To help you visualize how the blood type AB positive diet translates into real meals, here are some sample ideas that incorporate recommended foods.

Breakfast: A bowl of oatmeal made with oats and water, topped with fresh berries, a sprinkle of flaxseeds, and a dollop of yogurt. A cup of green tea on the side.

Lunch: A large salad with mixed leafy greens, cherry tomatoes, cucumber, shredded carrots,

and grilled salmon. Dress with olive oil and lemon juice. A side of steamed broccoli.

Dinner: Baked tofu or tempeh with roasted sweet potatoes and sautéed kale in garlic and olive oil. A side of brown rice or quinoa.

Snack: A handful of almonds or walnuts with an apple or a pear. Alternatively, a small bowl of mixed berries.

These meals emphasize whole, unprocessed foods and align with the core principles of the AB positive diet. Feel free to adjust portions and ingredients based on your personal preferences and any food sensitivities you may have.

Scientific Perspective and Practical Considerations

It is important to note that the blood type diet, including the blood type AB positive diet, is not universally accepted by mainstream nutrition science. Critics point out that there is limited peer-reviewed research supporting the

claim that blood type determines dietary needs. Some studies have failed to find significant evidence linking blood type to food digestion or weight loss outcomes.

However, many of the dietary recommendations for AB positive individuals align with general healthy eating guidelines. The emphasis on whole foods, vegetables, lean proteins, and healthy fats is consistent with what nutrition