

Suzuki Rm 85 Top Speed

Unlocking the Potential of the Suzuki RM85: A Deep Dive into Top Speed and Performance

The Suzuki RM85 has long been a dominant force in the youth motocross segment, serving as the ultimate stepping stone for young riders transitioning from smaller displacement machines. While this bike is celebrated for its nimble handling, robust suspension, and race-ready pedigree, one question consistently echoes through online forums and pit areas

alike: What is the real-world Suzuki RM85 top speed? Understanding this figure goes beyond simple bragging rights. It informs gearing choices, track strategy, and even rider safety. In this comprehensive guide, we will dissect every factor that influences the top speed of the Suzuki RM85, from stock configuration to performance modifications, and explore how this metric fits into the broader context of competitive motocross.

Stock Suzuki RM85 Top

Factory Delivers

When the Suzuki RM85 leaves the factory floor, it is engineered for a very specific purpose: competitive motocross racing. The bike is not designed as a street-legal machine, and its gearing and power delivery are optimized for acceleration out of corners and over jumps, not for achieving a maximum velocity on a straight stretch. That said, the **Suzuki RM85 top speed** in completely stock form typically falls within the range of **55 to 60 miles per hour (88 to 96 kilometers per hour)**. Most independent tests and owner reports place the accurate, real-world top speed at approximately **57-58 mph** under ideal conditions on a flat surface.

This figure may seem modest compared to larger displacement bikes, but it is critically important to remember the context. The RM85 is ridden primarily by younger, lighter riders—often between the ages of 12 and 16. At this weight and skill level, achieving 58 mph on a dirt track is quite fast. The bike's power-to-weight ratio is exceptional, meaning it accelerates with surprising ferocity even if the absolute top speed is limited by its engine displacement and gearbox ratios.

Factors Limiting Factory Top Speed

Several engineering decisions built into the stock RM85 consciously limit its top speed in favor of other performance characteristics:

- **Short Gearing:** The

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stock sprocket combination (typically around 15/38 or similar) is chosen to provide strong, snappy acceleration out of tight corners. This gearing causes the engine to reach its rev limiter relatively quickly in top gear, capping the maximum speed.

- **Exhaust and Porting:** The cylinder port timing and the stock exhaust system are tuned for mid-range power and throttle response. While this makes the bike incredibly fun and easy to ride fast on a track, it reduces the peak horsepower available at the very top of the rev range.
- **Power Valve Tuning:** The RM85 features a power valve system that

alters the exhaust port height during operation. The stock setting is conservative, prioritizing a smooth, linear power band over an explosive top-end rush.

- **Rider Weight and Aerodynamics:** A heavier rider will naturally reduce the **Suzuki RM85 top speed**. Additionally, the upright seating position of a motocross bike presents significant wind resistance compared to the tucked position on a sportbike.

How Gearing Changes the RM85 Top Speed

By far the most common

and effective modification for altering the Suzuki RM85 top speed is changing the final drive gearing. This is done by swapping the front countershaft sprocket or the rear sprocket. The relationship is simple: adding teeth to the front sprocket or removing teeth from the rear sprocket will raise the top speed at the cost of acceleration. Conversely, removing front teeth or adding rear teeth will lower top speed but improve acceleration.

For riders looking to maximize top speed—perhaps for desert racing, fire road runs, or simply to keep up on longer straight sections—a simple sprocket change is the first step. Going up one tooth on the front sprocket (e.g., from 15 to 16) can theoretically increase the top speed by approximately 3-5 mph, provided the

engine has enough power to pull the taller gear. However, it is a balancing act. Gearing too tall will cause the engine to bog down, struggling to reach its power band and ultimately resulting in a slower top speed than a properly matched setup.

Many experienced riders find that a **16-tooth front sprocket** paired with a slightly smaller rear sprocket offers the best compromise for achieving a genuine **62-65 mph top speed** while retaining enough grunt for track use.

Power Modifications: Squeezing More MPH from the 85cc Engine

Beyond gearing, unlocking a higher **Suzuki RM85 top**

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speed requires increasing RM85 top speed.

the engine's ability to produce power at high RPM. The 85cc two-stroke engine responds exceptionally well to bolt-on modifications. While the stock bike is impressive, a tuned RM85 can become a true rocket.

Aftermarket Exhaust Systems

Replacing the stock exhaust system (both the pipe and the silencer) with a performance unit like those from FMF, Pro Circuit, or HGS is one of the most impactful changes. A well-designed aftermarket exhaust expands the power band, often adding 1-2 peak horsepower at the very top of the rev range. This extra power can mean the difference between hitting the rev limiter in top gear and actually pulling past it, resulting in a 2-4 mph gain in the Suzuki

Cylinder Porting and Head Work

For the serious competitor, sending the cylinder to a specialist for porting is the gold standard. Porting changes the timing of the intake and exhaust events in the cylinder. Aggressive porting for "top-end" power shifts the power band higher into the RPM range. While this can make the bike harder to ride in technical sections, it can push the **Suzuki RM85 top speed** well past 65 mph when combined with appropriate gearing and a high-performance pipe. However, this type of work should only be performed by a professional engine builder. Over-porting can destroy reliability and power delivery.

Carburetors and Reed Valves

Stock carburetors on the RM85 are jetted for a broad range of conditions. Fine-tuning the jetting (specifically the main jet) for your specific altitude and temperature can recover a surprising amount of power. Additionally, upgrading to carbon fiber reed valves (like V-Force or Boyesen) improves throttle response and intake efficiency. While the top speed gains from reeds alone are minimal, they are an essential part of a complete engine package that allows other modifications to work more effectively.

Comparing the RM85 Top Speed

To understand the relevance of the **Suzuki RM85 top speed**, it helps to see how it stacks up against its primary rivals in the 85cc two-stroke class.

- **Yamaha YZ85:** The YZ85 is often considered the benchmark in the class. Its stock top speed is very similar to the RM85, clocking in around 57-59 mph. The Suzuki typically has slightly better low-end torque, while the Yamaha may rev slightly higher. In a straight-line top speed battle, they are effectively neck-and-neck in stock trim.
- **Kawasaki KX85:** The KX85 is another close competitor. Its top speed is nearly identical to the

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Suzuki. The key difference is often power delivery; the Kawi is known for a very aggressive, snappy power band, while the Suzuki is praised for being more tractable and easier to ride fast.

- **KTM 85 SX:** The KTM 85 SX is the wild card. With a larger displacement (85cc but often with more aggressive porting) and a higher-revving engine, the KTM typically has a slight edge in stock top speed, often reaching 60-61 mph. However, the Suzuki RM85 is frequently noted for having superior suspension components, making it faster around a track even if its top speed is marginally lower.

It is crucial to draw a distinction between raw top speed and overall track speed. Because of its incredibly stable chassis and plush suspension, a skilled rider on an RM85 can carry significantly more corner speed than on some competitors, often resulting in faster lap times despite a lower terminal velocity on the straights.

The Role of Rider Weight and Riding Conditions

Theoretical top speed figures are almost always based on a specific set of assumptions: a rider of average weight (around 120-140 lbs for this class), riding on a hard-packed, flat surface, at sea level. In reality, the **Suzuki RM85 top speed** varies widely

based on conditions.

- **Rider Weight:** A 150-pound rider will likely see a top speed of 55-56 mph. A 95-pound rider might push the same bike to 61 mph. Every extra pound of rider weight places a measurable load on the small 85cc engine.
- **Altitude:** Thinner air at high altitudes means less oxygen for combustion. An RM85 tuned for sea level will lose significant power—and therefore top speed—when ridden at 5,000 feet. Proper re-jetting for altitude is essential to recover lost speed.
- **Terrain and Wind:** Soft loam or deep sand scrubs speed dramatically.

Headwinds of 10-15 mph can reduce top speed by 3-5 mph on a small-displacement bike, while tailwinds can boost it to the bike's absolute mechanical limit.

Gearing for Speed: A Practical Guide for RM85 Owners

If your primary goal is to maximize the **Suzuki RM85 top speed**, whether for desert racing or play riding, here is a practical approach to gearing. Remember that top speed is a trade-off; the bike will accelerate slower out of corners.

1. **Start with the Front Sprocket:** Install a 16-tooth

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front sprocket. This is the easiest change and has a dramatic effect. Clearance with the engine case is usually fine.

2. **Adjust the Rear:** If you still want more speed after the front sprocket change, drop the rear sprocket by 1-2 teeth (e.g., from 38 to 36). This is a more aggressive change and will make the bike significantly harder to ride on tight tracks.

3. **Check Chain Length:** When changing sprocket sizes, you may need to add or remove links from the drive chain. Always consult a Suzuki RM85 service manual or a professional mechanic for proper chain adjustment.

4. **Test and Record:**

Use a GPS-equipped device to accurately measure your top speed. The speedometer on the bike (if equipped) is rarely accurate. Record your RPM at top speed using a tachometer to ensure you are not over-revving or bogging.

Safety Considerations at High Speed on an RM85

Achieving a higher **Suzuki RM85 top speed** is exciting, but it comes with significant safety implications that are often overlooked. The RM85 is a lightweight machine with relatively small brakes and suspension designed for a specific weight range of

riders. Pushing the bike to 65+ mph on rough terrain demands great respect.

- **Braking**

Performance: At higher speeds, the stock brakes may feel insufficient. Consider upgrading to a larger front rotor or higher-performance brake pads if you consistently ride at the bike's top speed.

- **Suspension**

Stability: The RM85's suspension is fantastic for motocross, but it may become unstable at very high speeds on rough, whooped-out surfaces. Properly setting your sag and clickers is crucial. A steering damper can also be a worthwhile investment for high-speed stability.

- **Tire Pressure:**

Running the correct tire pressure is critical. Low pressure can cause sidewall flex and instability at high speed. High pressure reduces grip. Find the optimal balance for your weight and terrain.

- **Protective Gear:** At 60 mph, a crash on a dirt bike can result in catastrophic injury. Never push the limits of the Suzuki RM85 top speed without wearing a full set of high-quality protective gear, including a helmet, goggles, boots, chest protector, and knee braces.

Myth Busting: Common

About the RM85 Top Speed

Misconceptions

Over the years, several myths have circulated about the Suzuki RM85 top speed. Let us address the most common ones.